

COGNITIVE FUNCTIONS CHECKIS		1
	Is this essential for the task	Observed in the learner
Gathering all the necessary information (Input)	life lask	learner
Gathering all the necessary information (input) Gathering clear and complete information through		
listening, smelling, seeing, tasting, touching, feeling.		
2. Using a system or plan to gather information so that		
, , ,		
nothing is missed.		
3. Having the vocabulary to label information.		
4. Describing things and events in terms of where and when		
they occur (special and temporal perception).		
5. Deciding on the characteristics of an object or event that		
always remain the same even when changes take place:		
conservation of shape, size, quantity, orientation.		
6. Being precise and accurate in gathering information.		
7. Organising the information gathered by considering two or		
more sources of information at once.		
Using the information gathered (Elaboration)	Τ	1
1. Defining what the problem is, what we are being asked to		
do and what we have to work out.		
2. Using information only relevant to the problem and being		
able to ignore the rest.		
3. Comparing objects/experiences to others to see what is		
similar and what is different.		
4. Remembering and keeping in mind the necessary bits of		
information.		
5. Looking for the relationships to connect separate bits of		
information.		
6. Using logical evidence to justify a solution.		
7. Having a good picture in mind of what we are looking for or		
must do.		
8. Thinking about different possibilities and the consequences		
of choosing one or another.		
9. Making a place that will include the necessary steps to		
reach a solution/goal.		
10. Finding the class or set to which a bit of information		
belongs.		
11. Being able to sum a number of objects without having to		
count them individually.		
Expression the solution (Output)	T	1
Being clear and precise in giving an answer such that a		
listener understands it.		
2. Overcoming any reluctance or 'block', to work through a		
problem or answer a question (even though the answer is		
known.		
3. Thinking things through before answering instead of		
repeated guessing.		
4. Having the necessary vocabulary to state an answer.		
5. Being able to carry an exact picture of an object in mind to		
another place for comparison.		
6. Being able to restrain impulsive behaviour.		